**Orphan health problem**

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1. **Definition of family:**

A social group characterized by common residence, economic co-operation and reproduction.

1. **Types of family**

1-Nuclear family: consists of husband, wife and perhaps one or more children.

2-Extended family: includes members of the nuclear family and other relatives, aunts, uncles, grandparents and cousins.

3-Blended families: are formed when parents bring unrelated children from prior marriages into a new family.

4-Single parent families: are formed when one parent leaves the nuclear family because of divorce or death.

1. **Characteristics of family**

1- Every family is a small social system.

2- Every family has its own cultural values and rules.

3- Every family has its own structure.

4- Every family performs certain basic functions.

5- Every family moves through stages of the life cycle.

**IV. Roles of the family**

1. Child socialization: It encompasses the process and activities in the family that contribute to the development of the child's social and mental capacities.
2. Child care: involves provision of physical and emotional care.
3. Provider role: include production of goods and services needed.
4. Housekeeper role: It involves preparing and maintaining the goods and services for the family use.
5. Therapeutic role: for assisting the family member to cope with health problems.
6. Recreational role: to providing recreation for the family members.

**V. Definition of an orphan**

* A child who is below 18 years of age and who has lost one or both parents may be defined as an orphan (George, 2011).

**VII. Health problem**

* Physical problem
* Mental problem
* Social problem

**VIII. Common Health problems**

1. Behavior disturbance, speech, hearing and vision.
2. Infectious diseases.
3. Accidents and injuries due to recreation, motorcycle, and automobile.
4. Emotional problems
5. Social health problems (suicide or substance abuse).
6. Sexual activity problems: such as venereal disease (STD).
7. Menstrual problems (amenorrhea, dysmenorrheal, or pre- menstrual tension).
8. child abuse and neglected

**IX. Strategies For orphan care**

* Institutional care
* Adoption
* Foster care
* Extended family care
* Community based care

**XI. Who responsible to help the orphans?**

* Extended family
* Local community
* Local church
* …and you!

Give rights to

Orphans

THANK YOU!!